CLASSIFICATION OF ALGAE:

Felix Eugen Fritsch (1935) classified the division algae into eleven classes on the basis of coloured pigments, reserved food material and presence or absence of flagella, their number and position. The different classes of algae are such as

- i) Class Chlorophyceae.
- ii) Class Xanthophyceae.
- iii) Class Chrysophyceae.
- iv) Class Bacillariophyceae.
- v) Class Cryptophyceae.
- vi) Class Dinophyceae.
- vii) Class Chloromonadophyceae.
- vii) Class Euglenophyceae.
- ix) Class Phaeophyceae.
- x) Class Rhodophyceae.
- xi) Class Cyanophyceae.

Class - Chlorophyceae (Grass green coloured algae):

- i) The coloured pigments like Chlorophyll, Carotene and Xanthophyll are present in equal proportion.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of typical starch.
- iii) The motile cells have usually two equal, smooth flagella.

 The class chlophyceae is divided into nine orders. One of the

important orders is the Order - Oedogoniales (e.g. Oedogonium)

Class - Xanthophyceae (Yellow-green or golden coloured algae):

- i) The coloured pigments like **chlorophyll-a** and **chlorophyll-c** and excess amount of xanthophylls in addition to carotene are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of fats, oils and leucosin granules.
- iii) The motile cells have two flagella of unequal length. (longer-tinsel type, shorter-whiplash type).

The class -Xanthophyceae is divided into four orders. One of the important orders is the Order - Heterosiphonales (e.g. Vaucheria).

Class - Chrysophyceae (Brown orange coloured algae):

- i) The yellow or brown orange coloured pigments are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of leucosin and fats.
- iii) The motile cells have two unequal flagella.

Class - Bacillariophyceae (Variously coloured or ornamental algae):

- i) The yellow or brown golden or variously coloured Chromatophores are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of volutin and fats.
- iii) The motile cells have single flagellum. The class is divided into two orders such as Order Centrales and Order Pinnales (e.g. Pinnularia)

Class - Cryptophyceae (Brownish algae):

- i) The brownish coloured chromatophores are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of starch and other carbohydrates.
- iii) Majority of the forms are motile.

Class - Dinophyceae (Dark yellow brown algae):

- i) Dark yellow, brown coloured chromatophores are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of starch and oil.
- iii) Most of the forms are motile.

Class - Chloromonadophyceae (Yellowish coloured algae):

- i) The coloured pigments are Xanthophylls.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of oil.
- iii) Most of the forms are motile.

Class - Euglenophyceae (Pure green):

- i) Pure green chromatophores are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of paramylon starch.
- iii) Most of the forms are motile.

Class - Phaeophyceae (Brown algae):

- i) Golden brown coloured pigments called the Fucoxanthine in addition to others are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of complex carbohydrates like Manitol, Laminarin etc.
- iii) The motile cells have two unequal flagella.

The class is divided into nine orders. One of the important orders is the Order - Ectocarpales (e.g Ectocarpus).

Class - Rhodophyceae (Red algae):

- i) Excess amount of red coloured pigments like Phycoerythrin and Phycocyanin are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of Floridean starch.
- iii) Flagella are absent

The class is divided into two sub-classes such as Subclass – Bangioideae and Subclass – Florideae. The Sub-class - Florideae is divided into six orders. One of the important

orders is the Order - Nemalionales (e.g Batrachospermum).

Class - Cyanophyceae (Blue-green algae):

- i) The coloured pigments like Phycocyanin and Phycoerythrin in excess and Chlorophyll, Carotene etc. are present.
- ii) The reserved food material is in the form of glycogen granules and sugar.
- iii) Flagella are absent.
 - The class is divided into seven orders. One of the important orders is the Order Nostocales (e.g. Nostoc).